

1.1.1

問題 1.1 の 1(1)

$$a_n = \left(1 - \frac{1}{n}\right)^n = \left(\frac{n-1}{n}\right)^n$$

例 ~~1.1.1~~  $b_n = \left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)^n = \left(\frac{n+1}{n}\right)^n \rightarrow e \quad (n \rightarrow \infty)$

$\rightarrow 2$

$$\frac{1}{a_n} = \left(\frac{n}{n-1}\right)^n$$

$$\therefore \frac{1}{a_{m+1}} = \left(\frac{m+1}{m}\right)^{m+1} = \left(\frac{m+1}{m}\right)^m \frac{m+1}{m} = b_m \left(1 + \frac{1}{m}\right) \rightarrow e \quad (m \rightarrow \infty)$$

証明

$$a_n \rightarrow \frac{1}{e} \quad (n \rightarrow \infty)$$

問題 1.2 の 1(5)

$$\frac{1 - \cos x}{x^2} = \frac{2 \sin^2 \frac{x}{2}}{x^2} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{\sin^2 \frac{x}{2}}{\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^2} \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \quad (x \rightarrow 0)$$

証明

$$\frac{1 - \cos x}{x^2} = \frac{1 - \cos^2 x}{x^2 (1 + \cos x)} = \frac{\sin^2 x}{x^2 (1 + \cos x)} \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \quad (x \rightarrow 0)$$

例題 1.2 の 2(2)

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x \sin \frac{1}{x} & (x \neq 0) \\ 1 & (x = 0) \end{cases}$$

$$x \neq 0 \text{ のとき } |f(x)| = |x| \left| \sin \frac{1}{x} \right| \leq |x| \rightarrow 0 \quad (x \rightarrow 0)$$

よって

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} f(x) = 0 \neq f(0)$$

つまり  $f(x)$  は  $x=0$  で連続でない

例題 1.3 の 2(2)

$$\cos^{-1} x = \sin^{-1} \frac{1}{3} + \sin^{-1} \frac{7}{9}$$

$$\sin^{-1} \frac{1}{3} = \alpha, \quad \sin^{-1} \frac{7}{9} = \beta \quad \text{と仮定}$$

$$\sin \alpha = \frac{1}{3}, \quad \sin \beta = \frac{7}{9}, \quad |\alpha| \leq \frac{\pi}{2}, \quad |\beta| \leq \frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$\therefore \text{よって } \cos \alpha \geq 0, \quad \cos \beta \geq 0$$

$$\cos \alpha = \sqrt{1 - \sin^2 \alpha} = \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{9}} = \sqrt{\frac{8}{9}} = \frac{2\sqrt{2}}{3}$$

$$\cos \beta = \sqrt{1 - \sin^2 \beta} = \sqrt{1 - \frac{49}{81}} = \sqrt{\frac{32}{81}} = \frac{4\sqrt{2}}{9}$$

よって

$$\begin{aligned} \cos(\alpha + \beta) &= \cos \alpha \cos \beta - \sin \alpha \sin \beta \\ &= \frac{2\sqrt{2}}{3} \frac{4\sqrt{2}}{9} - \frac{1}{3} \frac{7}{9} = \frac{16 - 7}{3 \times 9} = \frac{1}{3} \end{aligned}$$

一方

$$\cos^{-1} x = \alpha + \beta \quad \therefore x = \cos(\alpha + \beta) = \frac{1}{3} \quad \square$$