Energy decay for a nonlinear generalized Klein-Gordon equation in exterior domains with a nonlinear localized dissipative term Mitsuhiro NAKAO Graduate School of Mathematics, Kyushu University,Japan

(e-mail: mnakao@math.kyushu-u.ac.jp)

Abstract.

We give a certain energy decay rate for solutions of the exterior initial-boundary value problem of the nonlinear wave equations of the form:

$$u_{tt} - \Delta u + \rho(x, u_t) + g(u) = 0 \text{ in } \Omega \times R^+$$

 $u(x, 0) = u_0(x), u_t(x, 0) = u_1(x) \text{ and } u(x, t)|_{\partial\Omega} = 0$

where Ω is an exterior domain in \mathbb{R}^N , $\Omega = \mathbb{R}^N/V$ with a compact set V, $\rho(x, v)$ is a function like $\rho(x, v) = a(x)|v|^r v, 0 \le r \le 2/(N-2)^+$, and g(u) is a nonlinear term like $g(u) = k_0|u|^{\alpha}u, 0 < \alpha \le 2/(N-2)^+, k_0 > 0$. a(x) will be assumed to be positive near infinity and near a certain portion of the boundary.

We call our equation as a nonlinear generalized Klein-Gordon equation since the term g(u) plays an essential role in our argument. Note that concerning energy decay, no result is known when both of $\rho(x, u_t)$ and g(u) are nonlinear.