Three-Parametric Marcenko–Pastur Density Taiki Endo (Chuo University)

Path from previous work

♦ Marcenko–Pastur law (parameter
$$r$$
) $\rho(x;r) = \frac{\sqrt{(x - x_{\rm L}(r))(x_{\rm R}(r) - x)}}{2\pi r x} \mathbf{1}_{(x_{\rm L}(r), x_{\rm R}(r))}(x)$ (1.1)
 $x_{\rm L}(r) := (1 - \sqrt{r})^2, \quad x_{\rm R}(r) := (1 + \sqrt{r})^2.$

◆ Dynamical extension (parameters *r*, *t*)(Blaizot, Nowak, Warchoł : PRE (2013))

$$\rho(x;r,t) := \rho_{\delta_0}(x;r,t) = \frac{\sqrt{(x - x_{\rm L}(r,t))(x_{\rm R}(r,t) - x)}}{2\pi r t x} \mathbf{1}_{(x_{\rm L}(r,t),x_{\rm R}(r,t))}(x)$$
(1.2)

 $x_{\rm L}(r,t) := (1 - \sqrt{r})^2 t, \quad x_{\rm R}(r,t) := (1 + \sqrt{r})^2 t, \quad t \in (0,\infty).$

Three-Parametric Marcenko–Pastur Density (parameters r, t, a) (Present results)

$$\rho(x; r, t, a) = \frac{\sqrt{(x - f_{\rm L}(x; r, t, a))(f_{\rm R}(x; r, t, a) - x)}}{2\pi r x t} \mathbf{1}_{(x_{\rm L}(r, t, a), x_{\rm R}(r, t, a))}(x)$$

Setting for Three-Parametric Marcenko–Pastur Density

- Random $M \times N$ matrix K
- the ratio of M and N is a constant r: $r = \lim_{N \to 0, M \to 0} \frac{N}{M} \in (0, 1].$
- Each element is an independent random variable with variance t
- Wishart eigenvalue process started from *a*

 $L(t) = \frac{1}{M} K(t)^{\dagger} K(t)$'s eigenvalues $X_j(t)$, satisfying $\lim_{t \to 0} X_j(t) = a, \forall j \in \{1, 2, ..., N\}$.

For example,

$$\Re K_{kk} \sim N(\sqrt{Ma}, t/2), \quad k = 1, \dots, N, \Re K_{jk} \sim N(0, t/2), \quad j = 1, \dots, M, \quad k = 1, \dots, N, \quad j \neq k,$$
(2.1)
$$\Im K_{jk} \sim N(0, t/2), \quad j = 1, \dots, M, \quad k = 1, \dots, N.$$

 $X_i(t)$ follows our three-parametric MP law as $N \rightarrow \infty$ and $M \rightarrow \infty$.

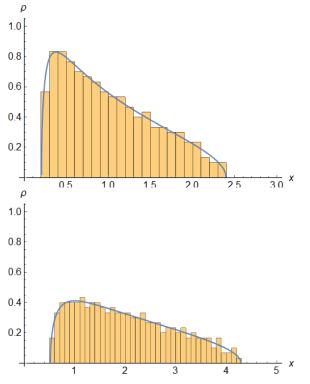


Figure1:The MP density, with parameter (r, t, a)=(0.3,1,0), and,(0.3,1,1). The histograms with 1000 × 300 matrixes whose elements are randomly generalized following the law (2.1).

2.0 1.5 t 1.0 0.5 0.0 0 2 3 5 Х

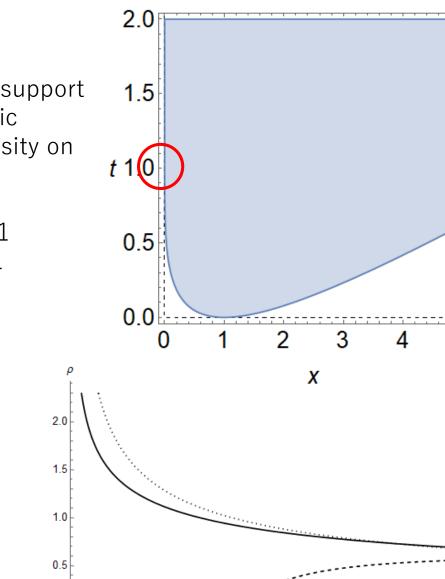
Time evolution of the support of the three-parametric Marcenko–Pastur density on the (x, t)-plane.

Left figure : r=0.3, a=1Right figure : r=1, a=1

We study dynamic critical phenomena observed at the critical time $t_c(a) = a$ when r=1.

Right figure shows critical behavior of the threeparametric Marcenko–Pastur density.

Please see the preprint (arXiv: math.PR/1907.07413)



0.01

0.02

0.03

0.04

0.05

0.06

5